SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier
Product Name: Granite – Sand and Crushed Stone

Synonyms: Granite rock containing Quartz, Crystalline Silica, or Silicon Dioxide

Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against:
Product Use: Various commercial and industrial uses
Restrictions on Use: None

Manufacturer/Supplier:
O&G Industries Inc.
112 Wall Street
Torrington, CT 06790

Telephone: (860) 489-9261

Emergency Phone: (860) 489-9261

SDS Date of Preparation/Revision: December 13, 2023

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS/ Hazcom 2012 Classification:

Physical:	Health:	Environmental
Not Hazardous	Carcinogen Category 1A Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure) Category 1	Not Hazardous

GHS/Hazcom 2012 Label:

DANGER!

Statements of Hazard
H350 May cause cancer by inhalation.
H372 Causes damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.

Response:
P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice.

Disposal:
P501 Dispose of contents/containers in accordance with local regulation.

Prevention
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260 Do not breathe dust.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280 Wear protective gloves and safety glasses or goggles.
P284 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

CAS#	Component	Percentage
14808-60-7	Crystalline Silica in the form of Quartz (as component of granite rock)	10 – 30%

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Remove victim to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult have qualified personnel administer oxygen. Get prompt medical attention.

Skin Contact: No first aid should be needed since dermal contact with this product does not affect the skin. Wash exposed skin with soap and water before breaks and at the end of the shift.

Eye Contact: Flush the eyes immediately with large amounts of running water, lifting the upper and lower lids occasionally. If irritation persists or for imbedded foreign body, get immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: If large amounts are swallowed, get immediate medical attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed: Dust from granite may cause eye irritation with redness and tearing. Exposure to dust may cause mucous membrane and respiratory irritation, cough, sore throat, nasal congestion, sneezing and shortness of breath. However, there may be no immediate signs or symptoms of exposure to hazardous concentrations of respirable crystalline silica (quartz).

Indication of immediate medical attention and Special Treatment Needed: None required.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media: This product will not burn and is compatible with all extinguishing media. Use any media that is appropriate for the surrounding fire.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical:

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Not flammable or combustible.
Hazardous Combustion Products: None.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire-Fighters: None required with respect to this product. Firefighters should always wear self-contained breathing apparatus for fires indoors or in confined areas.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures: Wear appropriate protective equipment.

Environmental Precautions: Report spills and releases as required to appropriate authorities.

Methods and Material for Containment/Cleanup: If uncontaminated, collect using methods that minimize the creation of airborne dust and place in appropriate container for use. If contaminated: a) use appropriate method for the nature of contamination, and b) consider possible toxic or fire hazards associated with the contaminating substances. Collect for appropriate disposal.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling: While granite normally does not contain respirable dust, mechanical processing and handling may generate respirable dust. Do not breathe dust. Do not rely on your sight to determine if dust is in the air. Silica may be in the air without a visible dust cloud. Avoid creation of respirable dust.

To reduce the risk of developing silicosis, lung cancer and other adverse health effects, the ACGIH recommends that the industrial hygienist use every means available to keep exposures below the recommended TLV. NIOSH recommends reducing airborne exposure levels as low as possible below NIOSH's recommended exposure limit, substituting less hazardous materials when feasible, using appropriate respiratory protection when source controls cannot keep exposures below the recommended limit and making medical examinations available to exposed workers.

If dust is present, use adequate ventilation and dust collection. To minimize exposure, wear a respirator approved for silica dust. Refer to the most recent government and local regulations when selecting a respirator. Maintain, clean and fit test respirators in accordance with the most recent government and local regulations. Maintain and test ventilation and dust collection equipment. Launder clothing that has become dusty. **WARN and TRAIN** employees in accordance with state and federal regulations.

Refer to the OSHA Respirable Crystalline Silica standards; 29CFR1910.1053, 1915.1053 and 1926.1153 for specific requirements for use and handling.

See also American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) Standard Practice E1132-99a, "Standard Practice for Health Requirements Relating to Occupational Exposure to Respirable Crystalline Silica".

Additional information on silica hazards and precautionary measures can be found at the following websites:

NIOSH Joint Campaign on Silicosis Prevention http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/silica/default.html
OSHA Crystalline Silica Website http://www.osha.gov/dsg/topics/silicacrystalline/index.html
NIOSH Hazard Review – Health Effects of Occupational Exposure to Respirable Crystalline Silica Website http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/docs/2002-129/

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities: Store in a dry location.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines:

Definitions:
NIOSH means National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health.
REL means the NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limit.
TLV means American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Value.

TWA means time-weighted average.

Component	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH REL
Crushed stone: mixture of sandstone, limestone, feldspar, chert and clay (as PNOC)	5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust) 15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust)	See Appendix B in TLV booklet	None Established
Crystalline Silica, quartz	0.05 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust) *	0.025 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust)	0.05 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust)

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Use local exhaust as required to maintain exposures as far as possible below applicable occupational exposure limits. See also ACGIH "Industrial Ventilation - A Manual for Recommended Practice" (current edition). Control of exposure to dust must be accomplished as far as feasible by accepted engineering control measures (for example, enclosure or confinement of the operation, general or local exhaust ventilation and substitution of less toxic materials). Refer to the OSHA Respirable Crystalline Silica standards; 29CFR1910.1053, 1915.1053 and 1926.1153 for specific requirements for engineering controls.

Personal Protective Equipment:
Respiratory Protection: When effective engineering controls are not feasible, or while they are being implemented, appropriate respiratory protection must be used if the occupational exposure limits are exceeded. Use appropriate respiratory protection for respirable particulates based on consideration of airborne workplace concentrations and duration of exposure arising from intended end use. Refer to the most recent government and local standards. Refer to the OSHA Respirable Crystalline Silica standards; 29CFR1910.1053, 1915.1053 and 1926.1153 for specific requirements for respiratory protection. Always refer to the most recent government and local standards.

Gloves: Protective gloves recommended.

Eye Protection: Safety glasses or goggles recommended.

Other Protective Equipment/Clothing: As appropriate for the work environment. Dusty clothing should be laundered before reuse.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form:	Solid	**Appearance:**	Slabs, blocks, or gravel sized stones. Mottled granite appearance.
Viscosity:	Not applicable	**Odor:**	None
pH:	Not applicable	**Odor Threshold:**	Not applicable
Boiling Point/Range:	Not established	**Vapor Density:**	Not applicable
Melting point/freezing point:	Not established	**Evaporation Rate:**	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas):	Fully oxidized, will not burn	**Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):**	Not applicable
Decomposition	Not applicable	**Vapor Pressure:**	Not applicable

Temperature:			
Flash Point:	Not applicable	**Relative Density:**	Not established
Lower Explosion Limit:	Not applicable	**Solubilities:**	Insoluble in water
Upper Explosion Limit:	Not applicable	**Autoignition Temperature:**	Will not burn

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: This product is not reactive under normal conditions of storage and use.

Chemical Stability: This product is stable at normal temperatures.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: None known

Conditions to Avoid: None known.

Incompatible Materials: None known.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: None known

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on Toxicological Effects

Potential Health Effects:

Inhalation: Breathing silica dust may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may have serious chronic health effects (see below Repeat Dose Toxicity.)

Skin Contact: No adverse effects expected.

Eye Contact: Dust may cause mechanical irritation and possible injury.

Ingestion: No adverse effects expected for normal, incidental ingestion.

Chronic Health Effects: See Repeat Dose Toxicity below with respect to silicosis, cancer status and other data with possible relevance to human health.

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure: Exposure to dust may cause mucous membrane and respiratory irritation, cough, sore throat, nasal congestion, sneezing and shortness of breath. However, there may be no immediate signs or symptoms of exposure to hazardous concentrations of respirable crystalline silica (quartz). See Repeat Dose Toxicity below for symptoms of silicosis. The absence of symptoms is not necessarily indicative of safe conditions.

Acute Toxicity Values: Silica: LD50 oral rat >22,500 mg/kg.

Respiratory and Skin Sensitization: Not a sensitizer in animals or humans.

Carcinogenicity: The International Agency for Research on Cancer has determined that crystalline silica is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1 - carcinogenic to humans). Refer to IARC Monograph 100C, A Review of Human Carcinogens: Arsenic, Fibres, and Dusts (published in 2011) in conjunction with the use of these materials. The National Toxicology Program classifies respirable crystalline silica as "known to be a human carcinogen". Refer to the Twelfth Report on Carcinogens (2011). The American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) classifies crystalline silica, quartz, as a suspected human carcinogen (A2).

Developmental / Reproductive Toxicity: No specific data is available, however, there is no evidence that silica exposure has any effect on reproduction.

Genetic Toxicity: No specific data is available, however, there is no evidence that silica is a germ cell mutagen.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Repeated Dose: Excessive inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause a progressive, disabling and sometimes fatal lung disease called silicosis. Symptoms include cough, shortness of breath, wheezing, non-specific chest illness and reduced pulmonary function. This disease is exacerbated by smoking. Individuals with silicosis are predisposed to develop mycobacterial infections (tuberculous and non-tuberculous) and fungal infections. Inhalation of air with a very high concentration of respirable silica dust can cause the most serious forms of silicosis in a matter of months or a few years. Some epidemiologic studies have concluded that there is a significant risk of developing silicosis even at airborne exposure levels that are equal to the recommended NIOSH REL, and ACGIH TLV. There is some evidence that breathing respirable crystalline silica or the disease silicosis is associated with an increased incidence of significant disease endpoints such as scleroderma (an immune system disorder manifested by fibrosis of the lungs, skin and other internal organs) rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus, erythematosus, sarcoidosis, chronic bronchitis, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD), emphysema, chronic kidney disease and end-stage renal disease.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity: Practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms. Silica: LC50 carp >10,000 mg/L/72 hr.

Persistence and Degradability: Silica is not degradable.

Bioaccumulative Potential: Not expected to bioaccumulate.

Mobility in Soil: Not applicable.

Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment: None required.

Other Adverse Effects: None known

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Treatment Methods:
If uncontaminated, dispose as an inert, non-metallic mineral. If contaminated, dispose in accordance with all applicable local, state/provincial and national/ federal regulations in light of the contamination present. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional and national requirements. It is the responsibility of the waste

generator to determine the toxicity and physical characteristics of the material to determine the proper waste identification and disposal in compliance with applicable regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not regulated for transportation under IATA/ICAO, IMDG, US DOT, EU ADR, or Canadian TDG Regulations.
Transport in Bulk According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: None

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 311/312: Refer to Section 2 for the OSHA Hazard Classification

SARA 313 This Product Contains the Following Chemicals Subject to Annual Release Reporting Requirements Under the SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372): None

CERCLA Section 103 Reportable Quantity: None

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including crystalline silica, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Toxic Substances Control Act: All of the components of this product are listed on the EPA TSCA Inventory or exempt from premanufacture notification requirements.

16: OTHER INFORMATION

References:

NIOSH Hazard Review – Health Effects of Occupational Exposure to Respirable Crystalline Silica, April 2002
NTP Report on Carcinogens
IARC Monograph Volume100C, A Review of Human Carcinogens: Arsenic, Fibres, and Dusts (2011)
Hazardous Substances Data Bank (HSDB), 2016
Documentation of the TLV – Silica, Crystalline: α-Quartz and Cristobalite, American Conference of Industrial Hygienists, 2006
OSHA Respirable Crystalline Silica standards; 29CFR1910.1053, 1915.1053 and 1926.1153

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